2017 Resource Governance Index

Measuring the quality of governance in the oil, gas and mining sectors of 81 countries.

16th JRC Annual Training on Composite Indicators and Scoreboards
8 November 2018
Natural Resource Governance Institute

Helps people to realize the benefits of their countries’ endowments of **oil, gas and minerals**.

Works with **agents of change** to promote accountable and effective governance in the extractive industries.
Resource Governance Index

The only international index dedicated to the measurement of governance of extractive resources

Objectives of the RGI

- Raise global awareness of governance challenges in the extractive sector
- Encourage informed global dialogue about extractives governance
- Ensure better policy choices by governments and parliaments, based on the use of high-quality data
- Further multi-stakeholder dialogue with civil society, academia and private sector

- Pilot launched in 2013
  - 58 countries
- Most recent iteration launched in 2017
  - 81 countries
  - 150 researchers
- Next iteration in 2021...
Challenge

Framework/methodology change

No comparison over time

Board members and staff

Partners and stakeholders

Donors

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The revised index methodology and framework, and the expanded thematic coverage is informed by, and is closely aligned to the Natural Resource Charter.
The Resource Governance Index framework

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Better resource governance can help lift 1.8 billion people out of poverty

• Almost 6 billion people live in the 81 countries included in the RGI - over 3/4 of the world’s population

• Of these, 1.8 billion people are classified as poor

• Almost half of these poor people live in countries with weak, poor or failing resource governance
A considerable share of global commodity production is governed less than satisfactorily

The RGI’s 81 resource-producing countries account for:

- 82% of global oil production
- 78% of global gas production
- 72% of global copper production
- Among other commodities
Most countries still face governance challenges

Index performance classifications
- Good: Scores 75 or more
- Satisfactory: Scores 60-74
- Weak: Scores 45-59
- Poor: Scores 30-44
- Failing: Scores less than 30
Implementation gap

Countries often fail to follow their own rules

The “gap” is higher for countries that fall in the weak, poor or failing categories
Data translation examples
Policy examples

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Thank you

www.resourcegovernanceindex.org

Data explorer: https://bit.ly/2yVMCFs

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